

ROCKY NEWS.

NOT A JUROR TO-DAY.

Many Candidates Examined for the McKane Trial.

But All Were Unacceptable to One Side or the Other.

Will the Court-Room Was Crowded by Interested Spectators.

The third day of the trial of John J. McKane opened this morning before Justice Bartlett in the Kings County Court room, in Brooklyn, with nine jurors in the box. They were: DAVID H. SACKETT, publisher, 446 Eleventh street; THOMAS A. HURTELL, pickles, 236 Flushing avenue; JAMES LEONARD, mason, Flatbush; BENNY FISHER, umbrella, 372 Broadway; JEREMIAH BULZER, shoe, 303 Myrtle avenue; WILLIAM WALKER, neighborhood, 209 Ninth street; LOUIS HODGE, taxidermist, 21 Broome street; BENNY REARDON, cement, 141 Prince street; ROBERT C. THOMAS, asphalt, 202 South 10th street.

Only the last four of these were chosen yesterday after a long and tedious session. Between eighty and ninety of the special panel of 500 talesmen drawn for the trial of McKane and his associates have already been examined. The great majority of them had formed too strong an opinion regarding the performance of the Coney Island car and his followers at Gravesend during the election to permit them to give an impartial verdict.

Justice Bartlett was evidently getting tired of the long and tedious sessions by counsel, and when the proceedings began this morning he cut them short by saying that he would not permit them to continue.

During the last part of the day, lawyer Jerry Werneberg conducted the examination of jurors for the prosecution, and during the two previous days, lawyer Backus did most of the talking for the McKane side. The court-room and balcony were crowded as usual. Charles F. Volk, a jeweler, was examined because he could not understand English well. Adolph Hoffman, a wagon-maker, had made up his mind too strongly to have his opinion shaken by evidence. Lyman, who was a secretary five years old, was examined on account of his age.

Charles S. Porter, a fur dealer, of 415 McDonald street, appeared to be a promising candidate for the tenth seat, but the defense drew him out by asking him to testify about the performance of the Coney Island car and his followers at Gravesend during the election to permit them to give an impartial verdict.

Edward F. Murphy, a mineral water dealer, said he had formed no decided opinion as to the guilt or innocence of McKane, but he was sure he could be an impartial juror.

The lawyers for the prosecution were very particular about asking jurors if they were acquainted with politicians in the district leading to the election, and that the Gravesend matter had come up before the jury. Murphy, without examining him, but Gen. Tracy interposed a peremptory challenge.

George E. Norton, who had not only contributed money for the prosecution of McKane and his gang, but had collected funds for this purpose. He was allowed to retire.

Gardner John Roach was asked if he formed any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of McKane, and he replied emphatically: "I believe he is not guilty."

This answer appeared to gratify Mr. McKane, but Mr. Roach was not wanted by the prosecution. William Tracy, a Greenpoint clothier, was deaf, and could not hear distinctly. After some attempts by the lawyers, Col. Lamb was excused.

Archibald Buchanan, Jr., a hardware dealer, of 1837 Fulton street, was a very intelligent young man. He said that while not actively interested in politics, he had read accounts of the Gravesend troubles. These, however, he said, he did not believe in.

"You know some of the counsel for the prosecution," asked Lawyer Roderick. "Yes, I have," he replied. "I know Gen. Tracy and Mr. Shepard, but I don't believe either know me by name."

He said he knew Gen. Tracy as a "man about town," you mean," interposed the General, and there was a laugh. McKane said he had once met Gen. Tracy at a ball and again at a complimentary dinner of the Hamilton Club, given to the ex-Secretary.

WHOLESALE CUT IN SALARIES.

Kings County Charity Commissioners Reduce Expenses.

Attention Called to an Alleged Dishonest Transaction.

The new Kings County Board of Commissioners of Charities met in Brooklyn this morning, and after digging up considerable of the rottenness existing in the Department under the old regime a wholesale cut in the salaries of employees was made, and a number of employees were discharged.

Bernard Lamb, the Secretary, had his salary reduced from \$2,500 to \$2,200; John A. Quintard, the counsel to the Board, was reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,500; Book-keeper D. J. Doyle's salary was reduced from \$1,800 to \$1,500; George Brown, reduced from \$1,800 to \$1,500; E. Schellen, reduced from \$1,800 to \$1,500; William Davidson, steward, from \$1,200 to \$1,000. Two lunacy examinations were also made.

Ten minor employees at the various institutions were dismissed. Their salaries ranged from \$100 a year to \$1,000. The transportation department at the insane asylum was also abolished.

Mr. Henry said that on June 23, when the question of John H. Tiesiot, Jr., furnishing cloth for prisoners at the penitentiary was about to expire, the Warden made a requisition for 1,500 yards of cloth.

After the requisition was received by the Commissioners, the two previous days in the Department added 2,500 yards without authority. This gave the contractor \$1,800. The cloth was used for 62 cents a yard.

At this time the contractor furnished cloth for 64 cents a yard. Under the new contract, which was given him a few days after he had received the last requisition, he had to furnish it for 62 cents a yard.

Commissioner Gott hastened to inform the other members of the Board that the contractor was not aware at the time of the addition to the requisition that the new contract would be for 62 cents a yard.

Mr. Henry only smiled, and the meeting was adjourned.

Mayor Schieren, of Brooklyn, this morning brought ex-Mayor Boody's Excise Commissioners up with a round turn, and it is expected that Commissioner Schliemann may be suspended as was Fire Commissioner Ennis.

Commissioner Schliemann was arraigned before Mayor Schieren, charged by four hundred residents living in the vicinity of Tompkins avenue and Halsey street, with granting Henry Cornelison a license for a saloon, in the face of their protest.

Philo W. Scofield, of Rev. Dr. Meredith's church, appeared to enter the complaint. During the proceedings Mr. Schliemann about the same time the written protest of the residents because the stenographer had been ill since March 1933.

Clerk Short, however, told the Mayor he had seen the protest in the office only after some attempts by the Mayor.

Mr. Schliemann at first denied that Mr. Scofield had asked for a hearing on the matter, but after some discussion he admitted the conversation was quoted.

You said sarcastically, remarked Mr. Scofield, that Commissioner Schliemann said: "Oh, yes, I will willingly do Dr. Meredith a favor. He was so active in the fight not to let me go to the Mayor's office."

WOOD SAYS IT WAS SPITE.

Why Stafford's Name Was Chipped from the Tabernacle Tablet.

He Will Ask a Vindication from the Church Session.

The bitter feeling among the members of Dr. Talmage's congregation in Brooklyn has been increased by the discovery that the name of C. M. Stafford, who was formerly the Tabernacle's counsel, had been chipped from the tablet in the front vestibule of the building.

It is claimed by some of the members of the church that this was done by some of the members of the Board of Trustees, and it is intimated by some that a member of the Board of Trustees ordered it.

Stafford is Mr. Wood's personal counsel, and, consequently, received considerable of the criticism the church has been subjected to.

"The erasure of Mr. Stafford's name," said Mr. Wood, this morning, "indicates that the church has been subjected to a deliberate and malicious attack. I have no doubt the perpetrator could be punished. I noticed some time ago that the tablet had been tampered with. It is very plain that it was done or ordered by some enemy of Mr. Stafford."

Mr. Wood announced to-day that he had determined on a course of action to vindicate himself from the charge of having been chipped from the tablet.

The church session, he said, consisting of the Elders and Mr. Talmage, will meet next Friday evening, and I am determined to have a vindication from the church session.

Trustee Diamond said to-day that no special meeting of the Board had yet been called.

Friday vs. Graham. Allegations that Gravesend Had No Election Fraud. Assembliesmen Keck, Gould and Harrison, constituting the sub-committee which is to report on the contest in which William H. Friday, Republican, is trying to unseat James Graham, Democrat, met in the Aldine Jamaica Chamber, Brooklyn, to-day.

The committee announced that each contestant would be allowed one hour in which to present his case. Lawyer Durack, who appears for Graham, said that the legal evidence in the case was so strong that he had been added showing that there had been any fraudulent votes cast at Gravesend.

Lawyer George F. Elliott spoke on behalf of Friday. The committee will meet again on Feb. 3 to hear testimony in the Pastfield-Melody contest.

"REFORM OR GO BACK." That is what Gallagher Must Do After His 500 Days Sentence. John Gallagher, thirty-two years old, of 97 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, was today sentenced by Justice Walsh, in Adams Street Police Court, to the penitentiary for 500 days.

Gallagher's wife, a pretty, dark-eyed little woman, with a pale face, was the complainant against him. She was formerly the landlady of the Brooklyn Trust Company Building. She testified that she met her husband several days ago as he was coming out of a pawnshop, where he had pledged a clock which he had stolen. She upbraided him and begged him to return the stolen property. For a reply he struck her in the face.

Mrs. Gallagher told the Justice that her husband had been in the penitentiary, and had only been out about eight months.

She said that she had been in the penitentiary for 500 days, and that she was now in the penitentiary for 500 days.

THE MARKET FIRM BUT DULL.

Bulls Successfully Resist Attacks by the Bears.

Sugar Sold Down a Trifle, but the General List Held.

The Wall street markets relapsed into dullness this morning. There was not a ripple of excitement even in Sugar, although the stock bobbed around frequently within a narrow range. It first rose 1-2, then fell to 7-8, and still later rallied to 7-8.

The traders who made a big "turn" in Sugar yesterday on the action of the House are now inclined to leave it alone until they learn something concerning the probable fate of the measure in the Senate.

The general list at the start yielded 1-4 to 7-8, the latter in General Electric, but the decline was soon followed by a rally, and some stocks sold higher than last night.

Burlington & Quincy ranged from 2-1/8 to 2-3/4, the latter in General Electric, but the decline was soon followed by a rally, and some stocks sold higher than last night.

General Electric was rather weaker than the rest, owing to the fact that the share speculation was in the main, firm, and the bulls succeeded in the market.

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CHEAPEST AS WELL AS QUICKEST.

Who Pays More Than \$3.00 a Month Pays Too Much.

BRONCHIAL CATARRH.

The admission, now general, that Drs. Copeland & Gardner cure patients in half the time required by any other system, emphasizes the value of their \$5.00 plan, and shows clearly that whoever pays more than \$3.00 a month, no matter on what basis, pays too much.

The patient who pays more than \$3.00 for the first, second or third month, on condition of receiving a month's treatment free in the future is paying more than he should, because he might, if properly treated, be entirely cured before the month is over.

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NEW JERSEY.

Will Not Heed the Court.

Republican Senators Claim to Have a Precedent in Election Cases.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 24.—Through the advice of Gov. Werts, Attorney General J. P. Stockton is now preparing an opinion on the constitutionality of the Supreme Court as the commencement of quo warranto proceedings against the seven Republican Senators-elect, who will be called to show cause by what authority they claim to constitute the Senate of New Jersey.

The Republicans claim that, by virtue of the case of Messrs. Edwards and Kearns, of Newark, and in view of the fact that the Legislature has declared the Democrats have nothing to do but to accept their credentials and swear them in as Senators, the new majority would be a majority, and consequently would form the Senate of New Jersey.

As a result of the Legislature they will not recognize the Judiciary as having the right to decide as to their legal status.

This is practically the pith of the recent opinion of Justice Magee in the case of Messrs. Edwards and Kearns, of Newark, and in view of the fact that the Legislature has declared the Democrats have nothing to do but to accept their credentials and swear them in as Senators, the new majority would be a majority, and consequently would form the Senate of New Jersey.

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